



THEATRE-ROYAL.

On SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 12. 1785,

Will be presented, a Comedy, called,
THE CASTLE OF ANDALUSIA.

To which will be added, a Farce, called,
THREE WEEKS AFTER MARRIAGE.

Tickets to be had, and Places for the Boxes taken at the Office of the Theatre.

DISTILLERY OF SCOTLAND.

THE whole entered Distillers and Rectifiers of Corn Spirits, are entreated to meet upon Tuesday the 15th current, in Prince's Street, Coffeehouse, at 12 o'clock in the forenoon, in order to take under their consideration matters of the highest consequence to the trade.

DISTILLERY LAW.

A GENERAL MEETING upon the late act of Parliament for licensing Small Stills, is to be held at Edinburgh, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, upon Wednesday the 16th current, at one o'clock afternoon. It is requested that all concerned will attend.
February 7. 1785.

CORNS, AND HAY.

TO be SOLD at Preston-house, near Prestonpans, on Saturday the 19th February, at twelve o'clock noon,—The WHEAT, OATS, PEASE, BEANS, and HAY in the Barn-yard of Preston. Proposals to be given in to Thomas Henderson, gardener at Preston.

To be SOLD by private bargain,
AN ESTATE in the County of Fife, yielding of clear yearly rent about 1200l. Sterling. Any person whom such a purchase may suit, may apply to Colquhoun Grant-writer to the signet.

FOR OPORTO.

The BACCHUS,

CHARLES ELDER Master, Will sail in a few days from Shields, and returns directly to Leith. For freight apply to Elder, Archibald, and Co. opposite the Tron Church; Martin Moubray, Wardrop's Court, Edinburgh; or to Thompson, Crofts, and Co. Oporto.

FOR PORT ROSEWAY AND BOSTON,

THE BRIGANTINE

JOHN HUNTER Master,

Will be ready to take on board goods at Greenock, by the 8th instant, and clear to sail by 1st March. The Brigantine is a fine British built vessel, and has good accommodation for passengers. For freight or passage apply to George Brown and Co. or Alexander Warrand, Glasgow, and the master at Greenock.

The Brigantine, Nancy and Jean,

JOHN MACDONALD Master,

Is now ready to take in Goods at Greenock, and will positively be clear to sail by the 10th current. Apply to Mr James Robertson, Glasgow, or Flemings, M'Alister and Company, Greenock.
February 1. 1785.

FOR CHARLESTOWN, SOUTH CAROLINA,

The Ship NORTH CAROLINA,

NEIL M'NEIL Master:

Will be ready to take in goods by the 15th, and to sail by the 25th current. This vessel has good accommodation for passengers. Apply to Mr Robertson, Merchant Bank, Glasgow, or Flemings, M'Alister and Company, Greenock.
GREENOCK, FEBRUARY 1. 1785.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

THE SHIP ALEXANDER,

ALEXANDER RITCHIE Master, Now lying at Greenock, ready to receive goods on board, and will sail about the 21st of February next. N.B. This ship is an exceeding good vessel, double decked, built of live oak and cedar, sail, remarkably fast, and has excellent accommodation for passengers.

For freight or passage apply to William Donald merchant in Glasgow or John Stewart merchant in Greenock.
Greenock, December 22. 1784.

FOR PUBLIC SALE,

Within the Shore house of Dyfart, on Wednesday the 2d of March next, at 12 o'clock noon,

The Brig BRITANNIA,

Of about Two Hundred and Fifty Tons burden, built at Dyfart for private use, of the very best materials, and lashed there the 23d day of March last. Any person inclining to purchase, on or before the day of sale, may apply to William Maclean clerk to Dyfart New Coal Company, who has power to conclude a private bargain.

TO be SOLD by auction, in the house of George Walker, vintner in Grangemouth, on Tuesday the 15th February current, at twelve o'clock mid-day.

THE GOOD SLOOP

LOVELY MARY,

About 70 tons burthen, with her whole appurtenances, as she now lies in the harbour of Grangemouth, only eighteen months old, well found, a remarkable fast sailer, of an easy draught of water, shifts light, and is exceedingly well calculated either for the coasting or foreign trade.

Inventory and conditions of sale, to be seen in the hands of Alexander Laird, merchant in Grangemouth, to whom, or to James Bell on board the vessel, any person inclining to purchase before the sale may apply.

GLASGOW TONTINE TAVERN, No. 10. Feb. 5. 1785.

THIS Day, the Meeting of the Masters of Arts

of the University of Glasgow, the most numerous and most respectable ever convened, came to the following RESOLUTIONS.

I. That applications to the Throne, upon slight grounds or frivolous pretences, are improper.

II. That such applications, in cases that admit of an easy remedy by ordinary means, and the due course of law, are unnecessary.

III. That the applications which at present are proposed to be made to the Throne for a Royal Commission to visit the University of Glasgow, are both improper and unnecessary; because the alleged grievances do not seem to the Masters of Arts to be ascertained; because, if real, they are not of such magnitude as to require extraordinary means of redress; and because it does not appear that the ordinary means of redressing them have been used.

IV. That anonymous advertisements for promoting such applications, in the name of the Masters of Arts, and without their authority, are an imposition upon the public, inconsistent with the discipline of the University, and therefore highly censurable.

V. That the publication of papers, bearing to be the Minutes of the Masters of Arts, without any authority, is injurious to the Masters of Arts, and dishonourable in the eyes of persons who could read such papers to be published.

VI. Resolved and ordered, that these Resolutions of the Masters of Arts of the University of Glasgow be signed by the President and Clerk, and published in the Edinburgh and Glasgow newspapers.

As the Masters of Arts have on former occasions been called together by anonymous advertisements, unauthorized by themselves, the meeting think it necessary to appoint a Committee, who shall hereafter have the sole authority of convening them. Mr James Couper president of the meeting, together with Mr Alexander Fleming, Mr William Reid, Mr Robert Muir, Mr John Pollock, Mr James Canallih, Mr John Wilson in Glasgow, and Mr Gavin Gibb, any three of whom to be a quorum, are appointed for that purpose.—The meeting order this article also to be published in the same newspapers.

JAMES COUPER President.

JAMES CANDLISH Clerk.

UNIVERSITY OF GLASGOW.

WHEREAS the Masters of Arts in the University of Glasgow have, individually, subscribed a Petition to the King, and have prepared Letters to the Secretary of State, to the Lord Advocate, to the Marquis of Graham Chancellor of the University, and to the Duke of Hamilton, whose ancestors founded the College:—in which petition they complain of great injustice, and pray for a Royal visitation. And whereas there may be Masters of Arts to whom this is unknown, notice is hereby given to the said Masters of Arts, That the said Petition may be subscribed by them between twelve and two o'clock, on the 9th instant; and on that day to-night, in the room No. 1. of the Tontine Tavern, in Glasgow.

AND, Whereas most of the Students in the said University, who are natives of the kingdom of Ireland, have subscribed a Petition to the King, and have prepared Letters to the Right Honourable Persons above mentioned; in which Petition they state their grievances, and pray for a Royal visitation:—Notice is hereby given, That if there are any Irish Students who are desirous to subscribe the said Petition, they will find it in the said place, and at the same time as above mentioned.

AND, Whereas a very great number of Students of every denomination in the said University, have subscribed a Petition to the King, and have prepared Letters to the said Right Honourable Persons:—Notice is hereby given to all Students in the said University, That the said Petition may be subscribed in the same place, and at the same time as above mentioned, and before notaries-public. And all such are desired to observe, that this is the Second Petition to the King from the Students of every denomination, the First being kept in Glasgow for the benefit of Mr K—, and of such as have followed his example; and a greater number having subscribed this Petition than has subscribed the First.

AND, Whereas at a Meeting of the said Masters of Arts, in the Tontine Tavern, on the 5th instant, to which came Professors, and Assistant-Professors, and others, who (contrary to the deed of donation, and to the nature of the meetings of the Masters of Arts, since they, with their institution, were expelled the College) brought in resolutions against a Petition to the King for a Royal visitation, and against the above advertisements. And whereas a great number of the Masters of Arts who were in possession of the deed of donation (having entered a protest against their whole procedure, as being unjust), constituted themselves into a legal meeting in another room, they appoint notice of this to be inserted in the newspapers, to guard against misrepresentations which may be made there, or otherwise; it being obvious, that these great dissensions, and the Professors declared averse to a visitation, are two additional proofs, that a Royal visitation is absolutely necessary.

AND, Whereas misrepresentations have been made with regard to the minutes of the said Masters of Arts, which were held in the said Tontine Tavern, notice is hereby given, That the minutes of the said Masters of Arts, with an account of the treatment which they have received from the majority of the Faculty of the College, will be published by Mr Menzies on Wednesday next.

ALEX. HUMPHRYS, Prefes. M. A.

JOHN WILSON, sen. Clerk, M. A.

FEB. 7. 1785.

THE Incorporation of Cordiners in South

Leith, take this public method of informing the Committee of Curriers, Leather Cutters, and others concerned, met at Edinburgh on the 2d current, that, convinced of the utility of the leather maker, intended to be petitioned for at Edinburgh, they will concur in every legal step for promoting the same; and that they have for this purpose delegated their Deacon, and another of their members, to attend the meetings of the above committee.—Extracted from the minutes of said Incorporation by WILLIAM STRACHAN, Clk.

EXCISE OFFICE, EDINBURGH, 9th February 1785.

By Order of the Hon. Commissioners of Excise.

ON Friday the 18th February instant, at 12 o'clock noon, there will be exposed to sale by public auction, at the Excise Warehouse, LEITH, (pursuant to Act of Parliament,) the following quantities of TEA, seized and condemned, as forfeited, viz.

1461 lbs. of BLACK TEA, contained in boxes.

133 lbs. of GREEN TEA, ditto.

370 lbs. of BLACK TEA, contained in bags.

Together with any other packages that shall have arrived before the day of sale.

The goods, which will be put up in lots, to be seen at the above-mentioned warehouse on the day preceding, and the morning of the day of sale.

EDINBURGH FRIENDLY INSURANCE OFFICE,

AGAINST LOSSES BY FIRE.

FEBRUARY 2. 1785.

THE ANNUAL PREMIUMS and KING'S DUTY upon Insurances, due at the present term of CANDLEMAS, are desired to be paid up immediately; as, by neglecting the payment fifteen days after the term-day, the benefit of the policy expires. Persons insured at this term will please therefore call at the office, where Receipts are granted for these premiums, and Policies issued for new Insurances. Persons changing their Insurances from any other office to this, are to send with their Policies GRANTS.

In a few days will be Published,
(In one large Volume folio, price bound 2l. 5s.)
By JOHN BELL.

INSTITUTE OF THE LAW OF SCOTLAND,

IN FOUR BOOKS.

In the Order of Sir George Mackenzie's Institutions of that Law. By JOHN ERSKINE, Esq; of Carnock, Advocate, Sometime Professor of Scots Law in the University of Edinburgh. The Second Edition, enlarged by Additional Notes, containing the later Decisions of the Supreme Court, on many important points; and improved likewise, by a more ample Index, and the addition of a running margin.

This day is published,

By JOHN BELL and WILLIAM CRECH,

In two volumes octavo, Price 14 s. neatly bound.

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THE SIXTH EDITION,

WITH THE

AUTHOR'S LAST CORRECTIONS AND ADDITIONS.

Where also may be had,

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10. An Introduction to the Art of Thinking, 12mo, 3d edition, 3 s. bound.
11. Gentleman Farmer, being an attempt to improve Agriculture, by subjecting it to the test of rational principles, the second edition, with considerable additions, 8vo, 7 s.
12. Principles of Equity, 2 vols. 8vo, 3d edition, 12 s. bound.
13. Essays on the Principles of Morality and Natural Religion, corrected and improved in a third edition. Several Essays added concerning the proof of a Deity, 5 s. bound.
14. Loose Hints upon Education, chiefly concerning the culture of the heart, 8vo, 3d edition, corrected and enlarged, 6 s. bound.

SALE OF ASHES.

TO be SOLD by Auction, at the Warehouse of William Sibbald and Company, merchants in Leith, on Wednesday the 16th of February, at twelve o'clock noon, Forty Casks of genuine DANTZICK PEARL ASHES, consisting of the finest White Hungarian, Polish White, and very best Sky Blue kinds, of the latest importation. Also, a few Casks CROWN POT, and some Barrels WEED ASHES. At same Warehouse may be had, DANTZICK BLACK BEER of the very best quality, fresh imported, at the most moderate price. The sale, and they will be warranted free from damage or mixture.

TO COVER THE ENSUING SEASON, WICKHAM,

At ONE GUINEA and HALF-A-CROWN a Mare, at Milseld, near Wooler, Northumberland.

WICKHAM was got by Herod, his dam by Blank, great-dam by Baze, great-great-dam by Young Greyhound, great-great-great-dam by the Currier (or old bay Barb).

Wickham is in perfect health, free of blemishes, of a beautiful chestnut colour, fifteen hands two inches high; has a great deal of bone, good shape, and action.—His performances are so recent and well known, that it will be superfluous to put sportsmen in mind of them. His pedigree speaks for itself:—When a horse's pedigree is undeniable, it is as much as can be said for the most favourite stallion in England, until his get have proved themselves.

William Hack and Co. humbly hope, as their superiors have made it general, that no gentleman will be offended, if his Mare is not suffered to return until she is paid for.

SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

THERE is to be exposed by public roup, on Tuesday the 15th February 1785, in that House entering immediately at the Cage, back of the Meadows, A most elegant Assortment of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, which has been purchased within these four years, all new.

Amongst a great variety of different articles, too numerous for an advertisement, the following are a few.

Very elegant mahogany mounted Bedsteads and Curtains; Down and Feather Beds, Blankets, Mattresses, &c.; Desks and Drawers; a very elegant Book-case; Joining Tables, of different patterns; Tea and Card Tables; Grates; Chairs, with a pair of very handsome Sophas; Carpets, one very large Wilton Carpet, 6½ yards by 4½; Looking-Glasses very handsome; one Eight-day Clock, quite new; Silver-Plate, viz. a Tea-Pot, and Coffee Urn, &c. all London made; Tea and Table China; great variety of Kitchen Furniture.

Sale to begin at ten, and continue till three o'clock afternoon each day

Mrs DALGLIESH Auctioneer.

To be LET, and entered to at Whitsunday next,

THESE Two SHOPS lying in that Fore Tene-

ment called Purves's Land, on the south side of the High Street of Edinburgh, near the Auctioneers, formerly possessed by Mess. Lison and Marnock, merchants. As also, the SHOP or BOOTH immediately below the same, presently possessed by Mrs Archer.

Enquire at W. Buchan writer to the signet, Lady Stairs's clofe.

TO LET.

A HOUSE pleasantly situated on the North

side of St Ann's Yards, fit for the accommodation of a genteel family; with or without a Garden. For particulars inquire at the house.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of JAMES ROBERTSON and CO. Merchants in Portfoy.

WILLIAM KEITH accountant in Edinburgh, trustee for the Creditors of Mess. Robertson and Company, in July last, notified to the Creditors, to produce their claims and grounds of debt, with their oaths of verity thereon, in terms of the Statute of the 23d Geo. III. c. 28. on or before the 27th February instant; notwithstanding which, he has reason to believe, that many of them have not hitherto complied with that request, and being desirous to prevent their suffering by a neglect to comply with the terms of the statute; he thinks it his duty to notify again to them, that unless they do so on or before the 27th of this month, they will not be entitled to any share in the first distribution of the estate of the debtors.



From the LONDON GAZETTE, Feb. 5.

Whitehall, February 5.

THE King has been pleased to appoint the Earl of Glendore to be of his Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council in Ireland.

War-Office, Feb. 5. 1785.

39th Regiment of Foot. Ensign William Kellett is appointed to be Lieutenant, vice Thomas Hillop. John Burlem, Gent. to be Ensign, vice William Kellett.

60th Regiment of Foot, 2d Battalion, Captain Mark Pictet, on the half-pay of the 60th regiment, to be Captain of a Company, vice Thomas Etherington.

Lieutenant Harris William Hailes, of the 38th regiment, to be Fort Major in the Province of New Brunswick.

2d Lieutenant Stewart Robertson, on the half-pay of the Marines, to be Ensign in the Garrison of Dumbarton, vice Archibald M'Corkell.

Duncan Campbell, Esq; to be Commissary of Stores in North Britain, vice Sir George Monro.

INTELLIGENCE FROM LLOYD'S, Feb. 4.

Yarmouth, 31st. This morning, drove on shore, in a hard gale of wind, the following vessels, viz. On Yarmouth Beach, and stranded, the Providence, Story, from Hull, with potatoes, for London; the crew with difficulty saved. Near Yarmouth Bar, the Charlotte, Brown, from Blyth to London, and gone to pieces; the crew saved. A brig, name unknown, was sunk on the Cocker Sand, and it is feared all the crew were drowned. Wind N. E. and blows hard.

Captain Fisher, of the Petrel, arrived at Maryland from Bristol, on her passage, in the latitude of Cape Finistere, was boarded by an Algerine cruiser, and plundered of several articles.

The Mary, Hay, from Leith to London, is totally lost near Yarmouth.

All loss of the Pennsylvania Packet, lost, left all the letters, papers, &c. which were directed for the Continent, on board his ship, which sunk in their fight. P. S. Captain All was the last person on board; the sea ran so high, the crew were obliged to jump into the sea to get into the boat.

The Gunifer, Johnson, from Jamaica, drove out of the Downs the 1st inst. with the loss of all her anchors and cables, and has not been heard of since.

The Merchant, Gallilee, from Virginia to London, is stranded on Atherfield Rocks, east end of the Isle of Wight; part of the cargo will be saved; the crew with difficulty saved.

Limerick, 26th Jan. The Rebecca, Captain Williams, from Africa and the West Indies, for Bristol, with elephants teeth, &c. having no anchors or cables to hold her, got on shore yesterday morning near this place, but by assistance of the revenue boats, is got safe to Kilrush Creek; she had seventeen weeks passage, and only the Captain and six men, out of nineteen, survived.

The Commerce, Stanmore, from Barcelona, Salow, and Benecarlo, bound to the Motherbank to perform quarantine, put into Studland Bay, on Sunday last, by contrary winds, and on Monday morning, blowing a heavy gale, a large sloop driving from her anchor, fell on board her, and carried away her foremast, main topmast, and bowsprit, and otherwise to much damage, that she must put into Poole to refit. Captain Stanmore spoke the Ranger, Blundell, the 22d ult. off the coast of Portugal, all well.

Winiby, 1. Yesterday, in a hard gale of wind at N. W. the Apollon Meggit, of Hull, lying below Bridge, broke from her moorings, and was greatly damaged.

Elisaore, 25th. On the 22d, passed a Dantick ship, Captain Carstens, from thence to Ferrol. Yesterday and this day, a stout breeze at SE. and SSE. with fine clear weather and frost.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

FRIDAY, February 4.

THE House in a Committee, Mr. Gubert in the Chair.

The report of the Committee of yesterday being brought up, Resolved, that this House will on Monday resolve itself into a Committee of the whole House, for the purpose of considering on ways and means to discharge the same.

Mr. Hargrave moved, that the order of the day be now read.

The order, requiring the attendance of the High Bailiff, with his assessors, Messrs. Hargrave and Murphy, being accordingly read.

Mr. Baring informed the House, that as the person who, in his opinion, was most materially concerned in their proceedings, and most particularly interested in the event, was, by an unfortunate accident, prevented from attending; he should therefore move, that the present order be discharged, and renewed for Tuesday next, when he hoped the honourable member would be able to attend in his place.

[The circumstance alluded to was, that Mr. Fox, coming down stairs on Thursday evening, had hurt his foot severely, by straining the tendon Achilles, and cannot, in the opinion of his surgeons, be moved at present.]

Mr. Pitt said, that in a circumstance like the present, where the entire business was at issue before the House, and on which they alone were competent to decide, it would be absolutely and indispensably necessary. Their ears had been tortured with a repetition of complaint on the prolixity of this business, and alarm had been diffused, as if the existence of our liberties and constitution depended on the decision of that day: yet that decision was now deferred, and it was evident to all from what quarter the procrastination came. It has been said, that the Hon. Gentleman alluded to, was most materially interested in the present business, a truth which met with his readiest acknowledgment. A hypothetical case, which he would not say applied to the present circumstances, had been some time since presented to him, wherein a variety of expectations, somewhat similar to the present, had been all crushed by disappointment. However, he observed, that House was no longer chargeable with procrastination or delay; that complaint, therefore, of the Westminster petition, fell to the ground. That petition had also stated, in the most forcible language, their intolerable grievance, in not being represented; with what degree of justice was now evident to the House, when the electors of Westminster were happy in having the member for Kirkwall to fight their battles; so happy, that their present battle could not be fought because the member for Kirkwall was accidentally absent. He declared, however, his assent to the present motion; but wished at the same time, that, to quiet some apprehensions which he entertained, some friend of the Hon. Gentleman alluded to, would rise to declare that he would absolutely be present on Tuesday next, that the business might of a certainty be terminated.

Mr. Pelham commented with great spirit on the impropriety of the local allusion made by the Right Hon. Gentleman. The business at present, he said, was by no means so circumscribed as the arguments he had heard would seem to imply; it was not the case of an individual city, but of the entire kingdom; and viewing it in that light, he looked on himself, as member for Sussex, to be as much interested in the event as the Right Hon. Gentleman alluded to. He could not, he said, suppress his astonishment, that the sapient Minister, the advocate for Reform, and repainer of the constitution, should tell the electors of Westminster, that they were represented by the member for Kirkwall, or that their grievances were done away, by what he was pleased to stile a virtual representation.

Mr. Pitt rose to explain: he said he could not hear an unconstitutional sentiment, collaterally or accidentally imputed to him, without removing its effect by an instantaneous declaration. He had never justified the system of local representation, but had ever given it as his opinion, that though every member was bound to attend to the particular interests of his constituents, and to receive their instructions; yet he was of opinion, that the representation was not of a part, but the whole, and that his determinations were accordingly to be directed not to partial views, but to the general benefit. On the present occasion, he had not opposed the delay on a great question like the present; he even wished for the assistance of the Right Hon. Gentlemen, whose abilities he had always acknowledged. His regards for the constitution were such, as would incline him to accept of every aid, and to attend to every discussion that could tend to impart an improvement, or establish its permanency.

Mr. Burke remarked, that in every situation, however obnoxious the rivalry, or determined the opposition, there were cases that with every feeling breast called for a suspension of hostility. If the General of an army happened to receive a wound, it in general called from the opposite party rather condolence than exultation. It was referred for the Right Hon. Gentleman on the floor (Mr. Pitt) to derive merit from the mischance; to seek in misfortune for a subject of mirth. The sarcasms on this subject, he assured the Right Hon. Gentleman might well be spared, and that, though some may give to his effusions the name of wit, they would, by the majority, be most certainly deemed malignance. He assured the House, that he had seen Mr. Fox the evening before, at which time he suffered most severely from the accident, and was totally incapable of moving. If the Right Hon. Gentleman still retained his good natured doubts, he proposed, that the surgeons who attended Mr. Fox be called to the bar to prove the reality of his afflictions. The minister had, he observed, in his mention of the delay, commented on the proximity of the proceedings. Proximity seemed at present his favourite word, his favourite charge, and favourite subject. He had at present declared his detestation of it, and perhaps hated proximity in all its shapes; the prolixity of a scrutiny excepted. To charge his Hon. Friend (Mr. Fox) with being at any time the source of the procrastination or delay, was treating him, he said, with the highest injustice. An openness marked his conduct, and a fairness distinguished his character, which placed him as high above siffness as superior to every competitor. Had Mr. Fox, he added, been present, he would not have said so much; as to observe his conduct was sufficient, and rendered every eulogium superfluous. Some doubts had also been mentioned respecting the attendance of Mr. Fox on Tuesday, but as he was certain that his Right Hon. Friend who made the motion had authority to mention the day, he would pledge himself that the fault should not rest with his friend, if the business was not then terminated.

After which the order of the day was discharged unanimously, and the attendance of the High Bailiff and his assessors was commanded at the bar of the House on Tuesday.

BILL for establishing an intercourse between Newfoundland and the American States.

Mr. Eden begged leave to take advantage of the full House, to give notice that he intended to make a motion on an order for the introduction of a bill to authorise British ships, navigated according to law, and fitted out from the ports of Britain for the American States. When a motion was made two days before for leave to bring in this bill, it struck him as a principle which tended to violate our navigation system; and he stated this opinion to the House; but he was answered by two gentlemen, friendly to the bill, that the principle was strictly conformable to the spirit and letter of our navigation act. He was still of a contrary opinion, and he considered that act as so important and necessary to our commercial influence and naval strength, that he was determined to move for the discharge of the order, and he gave gentlemen notice that he would make his motion on Wednesday next. At that time he should lay his ideas before the House with the humility that became him, and he trusted the House would seriously dispose themselves to the consideration of a subject on which so much depended.

Mr. Jenkinson said, he had on the former day delivered it as his opinion, that the principle of the bill in question did not violate our navigation act. He professed that he knew of no provision in our commercial laws which made it unlawful for a British ship, navigated according to law, to carry on a trade between a foreign port and any of our West India islands. This was his clear conviction; and the proposed bill was, in his mind, a measure of political prudence, and perhaps of political necessity—Newfoundland stood in extreme need of the supplies which this bill was calculated to give, and this, in his mind, ought to be a reason with the Right Honourable Gentleman, if he meant to make any motion for the discharge of the order, not to defer it to so late a day as Wednesday. Why not make his motion on Monday next?

Mr. Eden said, he was by no means satisfied with the reason assigned by the Right Honourable Gentleman in justification of the bill; but his arguments on the subject would come in order before the House when he should make his motion. The day was indifferent to him, and therefore he would fix it for Monday, if the House had no objection.

Mr. Baring said, it might be necessary for him to state to the House what he knew of the necessity which had given rise to this bill. It was at his instigation that the Privy Council had been induced to take it up, and introduce it to the consideration of Parliament at so early a period of the session. In the course of the last year, Newfoundland had suffered severely by the want of provisions, and doubts had arisen in the breast of the Governor, whether he could suffer the direct importation of necessaries from America, even in British bottoms. Very inconvenient disputes had resulted from this idea, and in the mean time, the settlement had endured many hardships, and hardships from which they were not likely to be relieved, if Parliament should in its wisdom say, that they must receive their supplies from Britain only.

It was settled that Mr. Eden should make his motion on Monday.

Mr. Burke begged the attention of the Gentlemen on the Treasury Bench for one minute, while he called for a piece of necessary information. He had heard it rumoured, that, notwithstanding the very serious and heavy charges which were brought against the administration of Sir Elijah Impey, in the supreme court of judicature, the new Commissioners were inclined to send him forth to India again in the same capacity, and that he was actually preparing for his voyage. He con-

sidered this as a matter so unlikely, and indeed impossible, that he confessed he could not give credit to the report. He could not believe it possible that the Board would fly in the face of that House, and send back a Gentleman to so important an office as that of Judge, who had been solemnly recalled on good and weighty charges, without previously finding that those charges were totally false and groundless. But the rumour having gone abroad, he trusted he should not transgress the orders of the House, if he presumed to direct a question to the member or members of that Board, who had the controul of India affairs. This question was, "Whether or not Sir Elijah Impey was again appointed to go out in the same station to India, and whether he was not actually now preparing for the voyage?"

Mr. Dundas said, that he could not tell the Right Hon. Gentleman whether Sir Elijah Impey was or was not preparing to go to India. The gentleman himself could only satisfy him in that particular; but he could go so far as to inform the Right Hon. Gentleman, that the re-appointment of Sir Elijah Impey to his late station, had come under the consideration of the Board, and enquiries had been gone into concerning the measure; but no appointment had taken place.

Mr. Burke said, the answer was so far satisfactory; for in truth his personal conviction was, that no such appointment possibly could take place.

Mr. Dempster rose to present to the House a petition from the Operative Weavers of the City of Glasgow, and others, complaining of the late taxes on mullin, and requesting a repeal of the same. It stated that the late taxation on the Scotch mullins were oppressive and ruinous; that their manufacturers were thrown idle, and disposed to migrate. That they occasioned a preference to be given to the Indian and Irish mullins. That they hoped the Hon. House of Parliament would take their case into consideration, as they considered the Hon. Gentlemen Heaven's trustees for the welfare of the whole country; and that they wished it to be understood that the united voices of the labourers and operative weavers of Glasgow, &c. were surrounding the House at the hour of decision. As the petition was not digested in the usual form, nor concluded with any specific prayer, Mr. Dempster read it to all the House, and moved for leave to bring it up.

Sir William Cunningham seconded the motion.

Mr. Chancellor of the Exchequer said, from many circumstances attending the introduction of the petition, he had suspected, and what he did suspect he now found to be the case, that the Hon. Gentleman who had presented this petition to the House had not read, or at least not strictly made himself acquainted with the nature and import of it. He acknowledged the undoubted right and justice there was in every application to Parliament and Ministers for the redress of grievances, of which they had been the unwilling authors; and however informally the same was communicated, however unpolished the language, the style and expression of it were no bars to the satisfaction required. He apprehended, however, there might be some irregularities, some want of essential forms, necessary to attend any petition which came before the House. He could wish it was admissible, but must beg leave that some Hon. member, more acquainted with the usages of Parliament, and the orders of this House, would give information on the subject, how far the bringing up the present petition was allowable or not?

The Speaker informed the House, he believed there was no present petition as long as the complaint of any set of men, who had a right to apply to Parliament, was conceived in decent, though plain and simple language, with due respect to the honour and dignity of the House; form might be dispensed with, while decorum was preserved.

Mr. Dempster observed upon the informality and want of method in the drawing up the petition. He however was confident of the respectful sentiments of the petitioners for this Hon. House; it was signed by 12,000, all men of the vocation, who were each personally interested in this cause.

Lord Mulgrave said, the etiquette of the House required form; but where a petition came from a distant part of the country, and from a numerous body of manufacturers, stating grievances oppressive to their trade, and tending to dispirit and diminish their body of labourers, much allowance was to be made, and much indulgence to be given for the uncultivated expression of ingenuous thoughts. It was much to the honour of this House, that they did not rest on frivolous objections; that they made no exceptions to the manner, while the meaning was clearly understood. He was happy, therefore, to think the petition would be admitted.

Lord North was of opinion the petition was deferring of attention. To be sure there was an error; they were not used to draw up petitions; they had never, perhaps, had occasion before to solicit Parliament, and did not know how this honourable House was to be addressed; they, however, had heard, he supposed, that his Majesty's Ministers had some connection with the Parliament and taxes, and they hoped their petition might some way reach his Minister's ears; and as he believed their supplication was true, he wished it to be received.

Mr. Dempster then brought up his petition, which was read, and ordered to be taken into consideration on a future day.

Robert Vyner, Esq; took the oaths and his seat for Thirle. Lord Courtown reported, that his Majesty had been waited on with their address of yesterday, and would give directions as desired.

Received and read a petition from Lord Lewisham, complaining of an undue election and return for Tregony. To be heard the 26th of April.

Also a return from the Delegates of Anstruther. To be heard on the 28th of April.

Also a petition from Crail and Kilrenay. To be heard at the same time.

Received and read a petition of Mr. Southcotes, complaining of an undue election for Dartmouth. To be heard on the 3d May.

Also a petition from Colonel Erskine, complaining of an undue election for Queensferry. To be heard on the 5th of May.—Adjourned to Monday.

PRICE OF STOCKS, FEB. 5.	
Bank Stock, —	Ditto 1751, shut.
5 per cent. Stock, —	India Stock, 132.
4 per cent. Ann. 1777, 73 a 72½.	3 per cent. Ann. —
3 per cent. con. shut, 55½ a 55.	India Bonds, paid, —
3 per cent. red. 56½ a 56.	Ditto unpaid, a diff.
3 per cent. 1726, shut.	Exchequer Bills, —
Long Ann. shut, 17 a 16 a 15-16ths.	Navy Bills, 14½ dif.
Short Ann. 1778, —	3 per cent. Scrip. —
South Sea Stock —	4 per cent. Scrip. —
3 per cent. Old Ann. —	Omnium, —
Ditto New Ann. 54½.	Prizes, 1 dif.

EDINBURGH.

Extract of a letter from London, Feb. 5.

"Mr. Fox, who had the misfortune to strain his leg, still continues to 'very lame, as to render it highly probable, that he will be unable to attend the House of Commons on Tuesday next, in which case the business of the Westminster scrutiny will, in all likelihood, be further postponed; as, notwithstanding Mr. Pitt's intimation of his hopes of there being no further excuse, it would be extremely improper to enter into the matter in the absence of one so very materially and so immediately concerned in the transaction."

"It is confidently whispered, by those who have the ear of men in office, that it is determined in the Cabinet, to let Mr. Fox take his seat for the City of Westminster."

"The hauteur with which the Minister treated the apology Mr. Ellis made for putting off the examination of the High Bailiff of Westminster, which was, that Mr. Fox had met with an accident that confined him to his room, has given offence to several of his friends, who rank amongst his best and most powerful supporters."

"A noble Lord, who for some years held an exalted situation under government, but who is now in opposition, makes it a particular point, perhaps from reasons not hard to perceive, to create as many enemies as possible to a Parliamentary Reform, and his influence is said to have been attended with much success."

"It is whispered, with what degree of foundation a little time will discover, that at a select meeting of the friends of a certain Right Honourable Gentleman, who talks in a very high tone of supporting a Parliamentary Reform, it was agreed, that the same language should be continued by himself and party, while their pretended efforts in the cause should be baffled, and in all probability defeated, by the exertions of a certain Noble Lord, by whom a Parliamentary Reform is to be opposed, on the ground that it is not possible to point out any of the national misfortunes to have arisen from the present state of representation; and that a diseased ought to be first made clear, before a remedy is applied, or sought for."

"It is said to be a fixed resolution with the Minister, to negotiate the loan of the present year upon the most reasonable terms that may be prudently adopted, with a view wholly to the public interest, and not for the purpose of putting *doublers* into the pockets of the creatures of the administration."

"The warehouses opened for the sale of tea; not less than one pound, in opposition to the trade in general, meet with a most astonishing success; and few families now sit down to tea, without a certificate on the table, of the tea to be used being pure and unadulterated."

"In short, the cheapness and the quality of tea, and the advertisements from Mr. Twining, chairman of the tea-dealers, is now become so much the *travaille*, (another word substituted in the room of *bores*) that Mr. Wilson, of the Theatre-Royal, Covent Garden, in a bill for his benefit at the Haymarket Theatre, has announced a new piece, called, 'The Commutation Tax, or Twinnings and Twinnings, or Tea's the Travaille!'"

"Sir Elijah Impey, is confidently said, is not to return to India."

"The dispatches received this morning from Bombay, are said to contain nothing of any importance, except that they mention the safe arrival of all the outward-bound East-Indiamen."

"The packet from Gibraltar is also said to contain nothing, or very little more, than that General Elliott was in good health."

"Nothing conclusive has transpired respecting the situation of things on the Continent."

This day, Hays Campbell, Esq; Lord Advocate for Scotland, representative for the burghs of Glasgow, &c. set out for London, to attend his duty in Parliament.

Mr James Fletcher, Surgeon of the Royal Navy, died on the coast of Africa, the 6th September 1783. His amiable accomplishments, and beneficent disposition to all in distress, endeared him to the regard of all his acquaintances; a dutiful son to his parents, and the darling of his relations.

Philip Anstruther, Esq; died at his house of Airdrie, Fifeshire, on Sunday the 6th current.

Mrs Gray of Wellhouse died at her house here, on Monday night last.

On Monday last, died here, Mr Thomas Harriot Wright, late Conventer of the Trades of this city.

Yesterday, died at her house in Prince's-street, Mrs Alexander Brown, much regretted.

On Saturday the 5th current, died at Falkirk, much and justly regretted, the Rev. Mr Michael Boston, minister of the Relief congregation there.

The shopbreakers, and those concerned with them in abstracting and retreating the goods stolen from a milliner's shop in Prince's Street, have been served with indictments at the instance of his Majesty's Advocate, to stand trial before the High Court of Judicature on Monday se'ennight.

At a meeting of the Grand Lodge of Free Masons in Scotland, held here on Monday night, the Right Honourable and Most Worshipful Lord Haddo in the Chair, a petition was moved and read, in name of several respectable Master Masons of this city, praying for a charter to constitute and erect a Lodge here, by the name of the *ROMAN EAGLE*, and the business of it to be conducted in the *Latin Language*. After some little altercation, it was unanimously agreed to grant the charter, and it was granted accordingly. This Lodge will, it is evident, be of very great service to the students at this University.—We hear John Brown, M. D. is continued Master of the *Roman Eagle*.

On Saturday the 29th January, in the parish of Chapel of Garioch, a woman, of an hundred years of age, perished in the snow. She had gone about half a mile from her own house to see a friend, and in her return, being worn out by the severity of the storm, had fallen down upon the road side to rest herself; probably she had fallen asleep, and on Monday thereafter was found dead. This melancholy accident should be a caution to people not to let old persons go out in stormy weather unattended.

On Friday se'ennight, some men, who had been drinking at a public house in the Cattle-street, Aberdeen, quarrelled after they came out into the street, and, in the scuffle, George Duncan, a farmer and horse-hirer at the Gallowgate-head, received some severe blows, of which he died in a few days. On Wednesday, George Smith, a butcher's servant, who was in the company, was taken up and imprisoned: His companion, who is also suspected of guilt in this unfortunate affair, has fled.

The Duke of Gordon smack, from London, is put into Burlington Bay, with the loss of her cable and anchor. Captain Mackenzie, bound from Aberdeen to Sunderland, is also put into Burlington Bay, with the loss of his boat.

The Thames, from Borrowtownshells to London, arrived safe there on the 2d instant.

The Mary, Captain Hay, from Leith for London, foundered on Monday se'ennight off Orfordness, about twelve o'clock at night. There were thirty people, including the ship's crew, on board; twenty-four went down with the ship, six took to the boat, of whom five got safe on shore, after a struggle of 15 hours; one died in the boat. The master, mate, two passengers, and one sailor, are the fortunate survivors from this dismal catastrophe. The Captain does not remember the names of the passengers, but says they were mostly in the military line, and going out to India; there was one lady on board, who perished with those in the ship. The vessel was not leaky any part of the voyage; and at ten o'clock that night, after the gale had subsided, the pumps were tried, but no water found. The place where this melancholy accident happened was about five leagues N. E. from Orfordness. The ship had a valuable cargo on board.

By a vessel arrived at Greenock a few days ago, from Hays, we learn, that two large vessels had been wrecked on that island on Friday se'ennight, in a hard gale of wind from the south; greatest part of the crew of one of them were drowned, those of the other are said to be saved; one of them is laden with tobacco, the other with logs, both bound to Liverpool.

On Sunday last, as a boy (an apprentice to a goldsmith) was sliding at Lochend, the ice gave way, and he fell in and was drowned.

The following is an extract of a long and singular petition, presented to the Queen of Portugal, from the Viscount d'Entrecasteaux, late one of the Judges of the Parliament of Aix in Provence (in France) who having fled his country after having murdered his wife, got by sea to Portugal, where he was discovered and apprehended. The French Ambassador formally demanded that the criminal should be given up, in order that he might be sent back to France, to suffer there the punishment due to his crime. Before any answer was given to the Ambassador, the petition, from which the following is an extract, was put into the Queen's hands.

"I had not a foul formed for the commission of crimes. A moment of delirium and madness alone plunged me into the abyss into which I have fallen. I pretend not, however, to be the less criminal, or the less deserving of punishment; but, if my crime is too great for mercy, at least may I hope to excite some pity in your Majesty's breast? Deign then, O Great Queen! to listen in the voice of that pity; and spare me from the shame of suffering death in my own country, by inflicting it on me here. I am too well acquainted with the prejudices that exist in France, to hope, that even after I have paid to justice the forfeit of my life, my memory should escape the infamy that attends those who fall by the hands of the public executioner: Justice having once received her due, no trace of the crime should remain, and prejudice ought to rest satisfied. May I then hope, Great Princess, that, as I call myself for the punishment I deserve, and become even a petitioner to obtain it, my soul may be freed from an ignominy for which nature never formed it, but which it has nevertheless too richly deserved."

"Were this my prayer granted, I should have the consolation hereafter to be remembered with horror; and in taking the last farewell of the authors of my days, I might say to them, 'Your son is still worthy of you; he has done away the dishonour he has brought upon you; he has made atonement for his crime; and is thus become worthy of your compassion!'"

"If I should have the happiness to excite your Majesty's pity, and that in your mercy you should be inclined to grant my petition, you need not be afraid that your justice should in the least degree infringe the laws of nations, by dooming to die in your dominions the subject of another crown, for a crime committed in his own country; on the contrary, I flatter myself, that I shall be able to demonstrate to your Majesty, that your justice is in some measure bound to put me to death. Though I am by birth a Frenchman, yet it is not as a Frenchman that I am guilty; it is not the French nation alone that I have offended: it is as a man that I am a criminal; and all mankind have a right to interpose upon me. The punishment, wherever there are men, and laws by which they are governed, I am amenable to punishment for a crime levelled against human nature; I carry about me a mark that points me out as unworthy of protection; and wherever I am found, there may my blood bespelt with justice."

"In this country I have publicly confessed my crime; I have made known the culprit to your Majesty: I am at once the accuser, the witness, and the criminal. What more is wanting, but judgment? which I beseech your Majesty to pass upon me."

"I entertain the greatest hope of obtaining a request that will enable your Majesty to unite justice and clemency. If the compunction of a soul filled with horror at its crime can excite pity, you will extend it towards me, by granting the request I take the liberty to make, that by dooming me to death in your own dominions, you may put an end to my remorse, and at the same time enable me to expiate a crime at which humanity shudders. If I am so unhappy, so criminal, as not to deserve any compassion, I will appeal to your justice before you a man guilty of the most enormous crime; and call for his death."

"If your Majesty was engaged in a war, I might perhaps have besought you to afford me an opportunity to spill some of my blood in your service, before I should expiate, by a public punishment, the offence of which I have been guilty, to the end that my death at least might not be entirely useless. But as your Majesty has the happiness to make your subjects enjoy the blessings of profound peace, your justice calls for my life as its due: to that justice I hope I shall be indebted for the recovery of my lost virtue, the security of my honour, and a deliverance from all my pains. If, on the other hand, your Majesty, considering the enormity of my crime, should think that my blood would infect your dominions, despair alone will then be my portion. However, in either case, even in the agonies of death, I shall not cease to offer up my most fervent prayers for the prosperity of your Majesty's reign; while, suspended between hope and fear, I wait for a decision that will fix my doom. I am, with the most profound respect,

Your Majesty's most humble,

and obedient servant,

BRUNZI D'ENTRECASTEAUX."

ARRIVED AT LEITH, Feb. 2. Elizabeth and Margaret, Thomson, from Kilbegie, with whistie.—9. Industry, Willison, from Grangemouth, with grain. And several small vessels, with coals, &c. ARRIVED AT GRANGEMOUTH, Feb. 5. Peggy, Willison, from Cammoud, with red-iron; Favonite, Hutton, from Dundee, with barley and linens; Mercury, Kincaid, from Borrowtownshells, with Foreign Wheat; William and Christian, Syme, from Perth, with barley; Colloides, McLaren, from Inverness, with aquaviva; Ephraim, Murray, from Dundee, with sundries.—6. Argo, Naeble, from Inverness, with aquaviva; Mary, Slanders, from Bernack, with barley; Elly and Peggy, Murray, from ditto.—7. May, Nelson, from ditto, with ditto.—8. Ann, Boyd, from North Berwick, with barley.

PRICES OF GRAIN AT HADDINGTON, FEB. 4.

Best.	Second.	Third.
Wheat, 21 s. 0 d.	19 s. 0	18 s. 0 d.
Barley, 18 6	17 0	15 0
Oats, 14 9	13 0	9 0
Pease, 15 0	14 0	13 0

ST CECILIA'S HALL. TO-MORROW the 10th instant, SIGNORA CORRI'S CONCERT.

To begin at half past SIX o'Clock.

ACT I.

OVERTURE. By HAYDN.

SONG—"My Faith and Truth." Signior Corri.

CONCERTO on the Violoncello. By Mr. SCHUBERT.

ACT II.

CONCERTO by VOGLER on the Piano Forte. By a GENTLEMAN.

SCOTCH SONG—"Will you go to the Eve-Bughts, Marion?" Signora Corri.

CONCERTO on the Violon. Signor STELLINI.

ACT III.

The OPE WILLIAM and MARGARET. The Words by DAVID MALLETT, Esq. Set to Music by Signior CORRI, for Four Voices.

Tickets to be had at Signora Corri's lodgings, Bridge-street, price 3s.

Just arrived, after a short passage of three weeks from FARD, in the Brig Mercury, Thomas Davidson master, A FEW Chests of LEMONS, CHINA O. RANGES, and FIGS in Frails, of the very best quality. Likewise some Cork and Reeds, and a quantity of Great Salt, to be sold in wholesale or retail. For further particulars, apply to Captain James Grey, Leith.

FEU-DUTIES TO BE SOLD.

BETWEEN Three Hundred and Four Hundred Pounds Sterling of yearly feu-duties in the neighbourhood of Edinburgh, in whole or in parcels, as purchasers incline. Apply for particulars to Mr Ferguson writer, Buchanan's Court, Lawnmarket.

ROSLIN BLEACHFIELD, 1785.

MES. BIGGARS and CO. lay down CLOTH as soon as the season permits, and bleach at the following prices:

All Linen Cloth yard wide and under, not exceeding 1100 warp at 3 1/2 d. per yard.	Diaper at 4 d. per yard.
1200 and 1300 at 4 d.	Damask at 5 d.
1400 at 4 1/2 d.	Cambick at 4 d.
1500 at 5 d.	Twelving at 4 d.
1600 at 5 1/2 d.	Long Lawn at 3 d.
1700 and above 6 d.	Cottons at 4 d.

All above yard wide in proportion to its breadth. Cloth for this Field is taken in at the shop of Patrick Murray baker, head of Forester's Wynd.

By Alexander Gray, at the lap-house, Pleasance.

Alexander Burnett, at Water of Leith.

George Norrie merchant, Leith.

James Carstairs weaver, Dalkeith.

Alexander Anderson weaver, Fisherrow.

James W. Bisset and Co. Scotchmen, at their shop, foot of St Andrew's.

FARMS IN MID-LOTHIAN TO LET.

TO be LET on lease for nineteen years, and may be entered to immediately. The FARM of CRAIGENTARY, with part of Whitefield and Killieith Parks, consisting of about 373 acres, Scots measure, part of which is arable, but the greatest part is proper for sheep pasture; and the Farm of LIMPHOY, consisting of about 135 acres, the greatest part of which has been in grass for these twelve years past.

These Farms are part of the estate of Malleny, lying in the parish of Currie, five miles west from Edinburgh; and, if not let on lease, they will be let for pasture for one year, by public roup, upon Friday the 18th of February current, betwixt the hours of twelve o'clock noon and one afternoon, within the house of Mungo Nicol, vintner in Currie.

For further particulars, application may be made to Captain John Scott, younger of Malleny; or Allan Macdonald, writer to the signet; and William Napier, overseer at Malleny, will show the grounds.

WOODS in ARGYLSHIRE.

TO be SOLD by public roup, in the house of William Frazer at Clachnacelly, in Netherthorn, Argyshire, on Tuesday the 8th day of March next.

A considerable quantity of GROWING WOOD, consisting chiefly of Oak; a great part of which is old, and of a size proper for building small vessels; some Ash, a considerable quantity of Hazel, and other Underwoods fit for coaling. The greatest part of the Woods are on the estate of Netherthorn, contiguous to arms of the sea, by which the timber, bark, and coal can be easily conveyed to the Clyde, or any other part of the west coast of Scotland.

For further particulars application may be made to John Campbell of Lochend, chamberlain to the Earl of Breadalbane, at Ardmaddy, by Oban.

BING'S Cakes for making Shining Liquid Blacking.

WHEREAS it has been discovered, that a few grobs of Bing's Cakes for making Shining Liquid Blacking for carriages, shoes, boots, &c. have been sometime ago manufactured and sold, some of the ingredients of which have proved to be adulterated, and consequently must have materially injured the character of his truly incomparable Cakes, which have ever been found to excel all other cakes extant for making shining liquid, either as rendering the leather soft, smooth, and remarkably durable, and beautiful beyond conception, and not fading a white stocking, if rubbed thereon.—The proprietor thinks it his duty to acquaint the public, that the cakes which have been suspected to be imperfect, have been called in from the respective vendors, and none remain for sale but such as he has pledged to possess every quality expressed in the bills of direction. Notwithstanding their superior elegance and efficacy, they will not cost above one halfpenny per week to the wearer, and will be a saving in the washing of stockings only, far beyond the amount of the blacking. The beautifying of a carriage, not inferior to varnish, which will stand any weather above a week, will not cost above a penny per time. They will keep any length of time in any climate, and may be used in substance, or made into liquid.

Sold by appointment, wholesale and retail, at Smith's hairdresser and perfumer, Bridge Street, and D. Smith, grocer, St Andrew's Street, New Town, Edinburgh; Mr Coke, bookseller, Leith; at Mr Swanston's, grocer, Trongate, and Mr Whitlaw, hairdresser and perfumer, Glasgow; And in retail, by Mr Murray, perfumer, Perth; Mr Hill, grocer, Dundee; Mr Tod, Arbroath; Mr Anderson, perfumer, Aberdeen; Mr Boyd, bookseller, Dumfries; and by the principal perfumers, grocers, &c. in England and Scotland.—Price of the small cakes and balls, 6d.—of the large, 1s. each.—Those of a superior quality for carriages, &c. not inferior to varnish, at 3s. 6d. and 1s.

To prevent counterfeits, each cake is stamped, and has a copper-plate label, with the proprietor's name and place of abode in London. N. B. Merchants may be supplied wholesale, and for exportation, (for a short time), at J. H. Bing's lodging, at Mr Wood's, opposite Cattle Pen's Land, High Street, Glasgow.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of the deceased JOHN WATSON of Overmains. THE trustee for the said Creditors having pronounced a decree arbitral, dividing the price of the estate of Overmains, and other funds made effectual; notice is therefore given to the Creditors, that their dividends will begin to be paid by Walter Scott writer to the signet, upon Wednesday the 9th instant.

N. B. The representatives of such Creditors as are deceased, are desired to make up proper titles, before drawing their shares.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of LIEUTENANT JOHN BLACKWOOD, late of the 21st Regiment of Foot.

IT is requested, that the creditors of the said Lieutenant John Blackwood, will by themselves or their deors properly authorised, attend a meeting to be held in John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Monday the 7th day of March next, at 12 o'clock midday; in order to consider how far it will be proper for the factor on Lieutenant Blackwood's sequestrated estate, to accept of a composition offered by a debtor of his to a considerable amount.

NOTICE

THE Creditors of the deceased JAMES GOODLAT CAMPBELL of Achlyne, are requested to meet at the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, on Wednesday the 16th of February next, at 2 o'clock afternoon, when a state of his affairs will be laid before them. In the meantime the Creditors are desired to transmit notes of the debts due to them by Achlyne, to William Leslie writer to the signet, mentioning in what manner they are constituted.

NOTICE

IN the Process of Ranking and Sale, at the instance of Lieutenant Colonel Charles Graham of the 42d Regiment of Foot, with concurrence of his Majesty's Advocate, against Andrew Cranston wright, in the Abbey of Holyroodhouse, the Lord Justice-Clerk, Ordinary thereto, by interlocutor of date 2d February instant, appointed intimation, That the newly discovered subjects, belonging to the said Andrew Cranston, the common debtor, viz. the subjects lying in the Abbey-hill, purchased from Archibald Hamilton merchant in Edinburgh, residing in Leith, by John Cranston, father to the common debtor, and some time possessed by Helen Hogg, sister of the said John Cranston, and others, are to be sold, as part of the bankrupt's estate. Of which this notice is given, so as the same may come to the knowledge of all concerned.

C. H. CALLENDER, Clerk.

NOTICE

THAT in the Process of Ranking and Sale, Sir James Maxwell of Pollock, James Ritchie and Company, bankers in Glasgow, with concurrence of his Majesty's Advocate, against Niel Mackellar of Dail, and his creditors, the Lord Ankerly, by his interlocutor, of date 3d February current, appointed, that the newly discovered subjects belonging to the common debtor, other than those libelled, viz. the Right of Middle Superiority of All and Hail the Five-mek Land of Barmulloch, the Twenty-six-hilling eight-penny Land of Lattencarnboth, the Threemerk Land of Succoth-madden, with the Mill of Succoth-madden, Mill-lands, Maltuses, sequels, and Services thereto belonging, and of the Shealing called *Whithorn* in Benlcare, all lying in the parish of Cairnre and Benlcare of Argyll, are to be SOLD, along with the common debtor's other lands libelled; and appointed this notice thereof, so as the same may come to the knowledge of all concerned.

C. H. CALLENDER Clerk.

A COACH YARD AND STABLES.

To be LET for such a number of years after Whitunday next as can be agreed on.

THAT large inclosed COURT or AREA, with the BUILDINGS erected thereon, consisting of stables, coach-wright's shop, corn lofts, shades, &c. lying in the Pleasance, opposite to Richmond Street, and presently occupied as a coach-yard. This area is situated at a convenient distance from Edinburgh, and is plentifully supplied with water; the present access is easy; and, by the intended South Bridge, its communication with the city will be rendered still easier; so that every necessary accommodation occurs to point it out as a proper place either for carrying on the business in which it is presently used, or many other purposes.

The buildings upon it are extensive, commodious, and in good repair; &c. yet, with little expense, might be converted into a brewery or factory, &c.

Any person taking a lease of the premises for a coach yard may also have an opportunity of purchasing the coaches, chaises, &c. provided he and the present possessor, who is giving up that branch of business, can make a bargain.

The premises may be seen every lawful day; and for further particulars, application may be made to Walter Simon, clerk to Mr Sharp, the proprietor.

HOUSE, GARDEN, &c. near Edinburgh, TO LET OR SELL.

TO be SOLD or LET, for one or more years as may be agreed on, and entered to at Whitunday next.

A commodious HOUSE, pleasantly situated at the west end of the New Town of Edinburgh, on the west side of Lothian road, and near St Cuthbert's or West Church, together with a complete set of office-houses, consisting of a double coach-house, a stable for six horses, a hay-loft, a laundry, a large stable court, pump well, &c. As also, a pleasant flower, fruit, and kitchen garden, adjacent thereto.

The whole subjects are in good repair, free of any taxes to the city of Edinburgh, fit to accommodate a large family, and will be shown every forenoon, upon calling at the house.

Any person inclining to purchase or rent these subjects, and desirous of further information respecting them, may apply to Mr Butter the proprietor, or to George Andrew writer in Edinburgh.

TO be SOLD by public roup, in the Tontine Tavern, on Friday the 25th February instant, at one o'clock.

The whole Ground, Buildings, and Utensils, belonging to the GLASGOW SOAP WORK COMPANY.

This property, extending about 218 feet along the east side of the Candleing's street, and about 138 feet along the south side of Caron street, is very conveniently situated either for building or manufactures. If bought for a soap-work, the purchaser may have immediate entry to the parts of the premises necessary for that manufacture.

The articles of roup and title-deeds are in the hands of John Maxwell of Dargwell writer in Glasgow; to whom, or to John Craig merchant there, these wanting further information may apply.

INN AT KINCORNB.

TO be SET by private bargain, for such a number of years as can be agreed upon, and entered to immediately.

That commodious and well-frequented INN or PUBLIC HOUSE, lying in the west street of the burgh of Kincornb, presently possessed by Mr Forrester, (who is giving up business on account of his bad state of health), together with three stables, one byre, and hay-loft. As also a malt-barn, with two lofts, kiln, and cobbles, and likewise a corn-barn, and barn-yard; and a stable fitted up with travises, and betwixt ten or eleven acres of ground, all in good order; and part of it sown down with grass-seeds last year. The tenant, if he inclines, may have the whole household-furniture, chaise and hories, with the stock of hay and corn made over to him by inventory and valuation.

The premises will be shown by Mr Forrester's servant; and application may be made to Mr Beaton at Lochelly, near Kincornb, or Mr Bruce at Blair, who have full power to conclude a bargain.

SALE of a HOUSE in North St David's Street, NEW TOWN.

TO be SOLD, the Second and Upper Flats of a TENEMENT, being the northmost corner house in North St David's Street, New Town. The principal flat consists of six rooms, with two light-bed closets, kitchen, and two sleeping apartments for servants. The drawing room and dining room are painted in an elegant manner, and the whole rooms and passages are highly finished.

The Upper Flat consists of four genteel rooms, all papered and painted, with kitchen, and four light sleeping closets, besides pantries, and is presently let for 20l.

These flats are so constructed, that they may be thrown into one house, or divided into two, as they are at present, and may be let separately or together for 61l.—There are four large cellars, with a small piece of back ground, and privilege of a water pipe belonging to the subject.

This House commands the most enchanting prospect of the Frith and country adjacent, and is esteemed to be one of the best situated in the New Town.

For particulars, apply to Richard Lake writer to the signet, the proprietor.

Judicial Sale of Factory Subjects in Glasgow.

BY ADJOURNMENT—AND UPSET PRICE REDUCED.

TO be SOLD within the Parliament or New Session-house of Edinburgh, upon Thursday the 3d day of March 1785; betwixt the hours of four and five o'clock afternoon.

The Whole HOUSES and AREA, lately possessed by Mess. Ayton, Blackburn, and Colvill, partners of the Harelem Linen and Dying Manufactories, and extremely well adapted for carrying on business of that kind, comprehending the dwelling house possessed by Mr William Gardner, with the Warehouses, Yarn-room, Heckling-house, Weaving and Dying Factories, &c.—The Stable, Hay-loft, and Cellars, which were formerly possessed, along with the Dwelling-house, which belonged to the deceased Andrew Ayton, late merchant in Glasgow, are to be sold along with these factory subjects.—And the upset price of the whole is now to be 200l. Sterling.

The articles of roup may be seen in the office of Mr George Kirkpatrick, Depute-clerk of Session; and any other information may be got, by applying to William Dick, writer to the signet, or Claud Marshall, writer in Glasgow.

JUDICIAL SALE

BY ADJOURNMENT—AND UPSET PRICES REDUCED.

TO be SOLD within the Parliament or New Session-house of Edinburgh, upon Tuesday the 8th day of March next, between the hours of four and six afternoon.

The following LOTS, which belonged to JOHN BUSHBY, Sheriff-Clerk of Dumfries.

LOT I.—The Lands of AUCHINGILBERT and Teinds thereof, lying in the parish of Urr and stewartry of Kirkcubright. The proven rent, after all deductions, is L. 122 2 9 4-12ths.

These lands, which are held of the Crown, were formerly set up at 2809 l. 3s. 10d. 8-12ths, being 23 years purchase of the free rent; but the upset price is now to be L. 2509. 3 10 8-12ths.

LOT II.—The Lands of WOLFGILL, HERRIES PARKS, and CARTHAGENA, lying in the parish and shire of Dumfries. The proven free rent is L. 99 1 4 6-12ths.

This Lot, being held of the town of Dumfries, was formerly set up at 2779 l. 10s. 3d. being 23 years purchase of the above free rent; but the upset price is now to be L. 1800 0 0.

LOT V.—The undivided Third Part of the Lands of LITTLE MILNTOWN, and teinds thereof, lying in the parish of Urr and stewartry of Kirkcubright.—The proven free rent of the Third Part of these lands, is L. 8 1 2 5-12ths.

This Lot, being held of the Crown, was formerly exposed at 185 l. 7s. 7d. 7-12ths, being 23 years purchase of the above free rent; but is now to be set up at the reduced price of L. 155 17 7 7-12ths.

The articles of sale and progress, may be seen at the office of Mr Stevenson depute-clerk of Session; and further information will be got by applying to David Newal writer in Dumfries.

SALE OF LANDS NEAR DUMFRIES.

TO be SOLD by private bargain.

THE Lands and Estate of REDBANK, LAGHALL, NETHER-TOWN, BOGGS, and PRIESTLANDS, with the Salmon Fish-ary of Kirkcubright. The gross rent is L. 571 0 0.

From which deducting the stipend L. 6 10 10

Tiend duty, L. 1 1 7 1/2

And School salary, L. 13 6

Remains, L. 562 14 0 1/2

This estate which holds of the Crown, and is rated in the county books a 366l. Scots of valued rent; lies about a mile below the town of Dumfries, on the banks of the rivers Nith and Cargen; and, in point of agreeable situation, qualities of the soil, state and condition of the farms, means of improvement, and other circumstances which will be satisfactory to a purchaser, is not to be surpassed by any estate of its extent in the south of Scotland.

The teinds were valued at a very moderate sum, in the years 1735, and there is a tack of them current till 1789, when a renewal can be got for a small sum.

Any person wishing to treat for a purchase, may apply to Edgar Corrie merchant in Liverpool, to Hugh Corrie writer to the signet at Edinburgh, or to Commissary Goldie at Dumfries, who will show the title-deeds, current leases, and plan of the estate.

A part of the price may remain at interest, in the hands of the purchaser.

LANDS IN ANNANDALE.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the King's Arms Tavern in Dumfries, on Wednesday the 26th day of May next, betwixt the hours of five and six o'clock afternoon.

All and Whole the Lands of HOTTS, BETWIXT-THE-WATERS, FOULTOWN, and WHITELEES, with the pertinents, lying in the parish of Middlebie, stewartry of Annandale, and shire of Dumfries.

The present yearly rent of these lands is 148 l. 2 s. 3 d. and at Whit-funday 1786, rises to 153 l. 2 s. 3 d. The tenants pay all burdens whatever, except the stipend, which is 3 l. 4 s. 7 d. yearly. The current taxes are all nearly expired, and on new leases the hands will give very considerable rises of rent. The mansion-house and garden, with about 20 acres of land are presently out of lease.

These lands hold of a subject superior for payment of a trifling feu duty. They consist of about 450 acres mostly arable, and capable of great improvement from their contiguity to lime.

There is a good quantity of valuable old timber on the lands of Betwixt-the-waters, which will be sold either separately or with the premises as purchasers may incline.

The mansion-house is pleasantly situated at the distance of two miles from the great turnpike-road leading from Carlisle by Moffat to Glasgow and Edinburgh, within a mile of the turnpike road from Annan to Langholm, six miles from the sea-port of Annan, and four miles from the market-town of Ecclefechan. The farm-houses on the lands are mostly new and in good order, and the lands are in general well inclosed with good stone-dykes and hedges, and several hedge-rows and young plantations very thriving.

The articles of roup, progress of writs, searches of incumbrances, and rental, are to be seen in the hands of Alexander Young, writer in Edinburgh. The tacks and plans of the Estate are lodged with Mr George Richardson at Perilbyhall, who will show the Lands; and copies of the articles and rental, with Mr James Graham writer in Dumfries; to any of whom persons wanting further information may apply.

Offers for a private sale will be received any time before the day of sale.

Heritable Debt on Subjects in Dalkeith.

UPSET PRICE REDUCED.

TO be SOLD by public roup, by authority of the Court of Session, within the Parliament-house, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 2d March 1785, between the hours of four and seven afternoon.

The Remaining LOT of the Subjects which belonged to PATRICK BROWN of Barrow, viz. HALF OF AN HERITABLE DEBT, affecting certain subjects in the town of Dalkeith, belonging to Robert Welsh in Bar of Spots. This half is 134 l. with interest from Candlemas 1774, and the upset price is reduced to 120 l. Sterling.

The articles of roup, &c. are to be seen in the office of Mr Alexander Stevenson, one of the depute-clerks of Session; and persons desirous of further information, may apply to John Tait, jun. writer to the signet, Edinburgh.

SALE OF LANDS, &c.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Exchange Coffee-house in Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the second of March 1785, at six o'clock afternoon.

1mo. The Lands of PLEWLANDS, with the teinds and pertinents, lying in the parish of Dalmeny, and shire of Linlithgow. These lands consist of upwards of fifty-five Scots acres, mostly inclosed with stone-dykes, or ditches and hedges, and pay about 82 l. Sterling of free yearly rent. They are pleasantly situated upon the south-west side of the town of Queensferry, command an extensive view of the Frith and adjacent country; and are out of lease. They hold of a subject superior, for payment of a trifling feu-duty.

Any person desiring to view the Lands may apply to Mr Robert Pon-ton at the west end of the town of Queensferry, who will also inform as to the lots in which they are proposed to be set up, in case they are not sold in one lot.

2do. A feu-duty of 1 l. 15 s. 6 d. 8-12ths Sterling, payable out of the lands of Kirkcubright in the county of Linlithgow.

3do. Two Cellars in Leith, commonly called the Lead-house, near the weigh-house of Leith, with the superiority of two dwelling-houses above the same, holden of the town of Edinburgh, for payment of a trifling feu-duty.

4to. That Feu at Moffat, in the county of Dumfries, called the Earl of Hopetoun's feu, consisting of above forty Scots acres, with a large house and offices built thereon, fit for the accommodation of a large family, holden of a subject superior for payment of 42 l. 15 s. 7 d. Sterling of feu-duty; redeemable by the superior upon payment of the value of the house built or to be built upon the said feu, and other meliorations made or to be made thereon.

The premises will be shown by Mr David Greig at Moffat. And, 5to. Three Eight parts of the Lands of Erickthane, with the teinds and pertinents, lying in the parish of Moffat and county of Dumfries, holden of a subject superior for payment of five shillings Sterling of feu-duty. Mr David Greig at Moffat will show the lands.

The title-deeds of all these subjects may be seen in the hands of Mr David Erskine clerk to the signet.

JUDICIAL SALE OF DALSWINTON AND OTHERS IN DUMFRIES-SHIRE.

TO be SOLD, by public roup, under the authority of the Court of Session, within the Parliament or New Session House of Edinburgh, upon Thursday the 24th July 1785, betwixt the hours of four and seven in the afternoon.

The Lands, Estate, and Others after-mentioned, which belong to Major William Maxwell of Dalswinton, in the two following Lots or parcels:

LOT I. The Lands and Barony of DALSWINTON, comprehending the particular lands and farms mentioned in the title-deeds thereof, all lying within the parish of Kirkmahoe, and shire of Dumfries: As ALSO, All and Whole the Lands of STANDALANE, and Others, in the parish of Holywood, and shire of Dumfries. The proven rental of these lands, free of all deductions, extends to 897 l. 13 s. 3 d. 6-12ths.

And the proven value thereof is L. 21,365 8 6

The value of growing woods and planting on this estate, taken from an actual survey, and sworn to by the valuers, amounts to

5160 10 11

Which makes the upset-price of the lands and woods to be L. 26,525 19 5

This estate consists in whole of 3907 acres, and 10 fells Scots statute measure, about the half of which are arable and meadow lands, and the greatest cultivation. The soil is in general good; but a large tract of holm or meadow ground upon the banks of the river Nith, and the inclosures round the house are in particular of the richest and most substantial nature, and capable of raising any species of grain this kingdom produces. The proprietor of the barony of Dalswinton has right to salmon-fishing on the river Nith, adjoining to the lands.

The situation of this estate is exceedingly favourable to every kind of improvement, being mostly of a fourthly exposure, and commands most beautiful prospects of the rich country in its neighbourhood; and it has the singular convenience and advantage to lie perfectly compact, without the interference of any other persons property to intersect or divide it; and the estate is a stone dyke furrounds the whole estate, excepting on one side, where the river is the march. The tenants are substantial, and in general accommodated with very good houses; and the different farms on the estate are subdivided, and laid out in the most approved plans; and every farm is inclosed by itself, with substantial stone walls.

The Estate lies within six miles of the thriving town of Dumfries, and within three of the limestone quarries of Clovenstone, which afford an inexhaustible source of improvement; and the great post-road from London to Glasgow and Ayr, by Dumfries, goes through the middle of it. The value put upon the woods is far from being extravagant, as there is great part of it already full grown, consisting of oak, ash, elm, beech, fir, &c. And the extensive young plantations are only valued at the original expense of putting them in the ground, exclusive of the expense of inclosing; and, from the thriving appearance and quality of these young woods, there is almost a certainty of their soon becoming a matter of very great importance to the proprietor.

Major Maxwell has right to the teinds of the barony of Dalswinton; and the greatest part of the land-tax is paid by the tenants, over and above their rents.

The whole of the above lands hold of the Crown, and are separately valued in the cess-books at 2725 merks, which must afford the purchaser a considerable political influence within the county.

The mansion-house, though not elegant, is lodgeable and commodious; and there is a garden and orchard adjacent thereto, stored with fruit-trees of the best kinds, and the greatest variety in that country. There are many of the farms, since the process of sale commenced, set only for three years; and, consequently, a considerable rise of rent may be, with certainty, expected, when those short leases expire. The rents too of several of the farms are considerably augmented since the judicial rental was taken, inasmuch that the present free payable rental amounts to 909 l. 9 s. 2 d. and, on one farm, a further rise of 25 l. per annum commences at Whitunday first. Upon the whole, a more complete and desirable purchase than the above lands can scarce appear in the market.

LOT II. All and hail a large FORE TENEMENT, and other contiguous Subjects lying in the town of Dumfries, in the street leading from the foot of the Friar Vennal towards the Green Sand-heads, belonging to the said Major William Maxwell, and bounded and described as in the rights and title-deeds thereof.

The proven rental of these subjects, free of all deductions, is 15 l. 15 s. and the proven value thereof, at the rate of twelve years purchase, at which the same is to be set up, extends to 189 l.

The articles of roup, progress of writs, and rental of the subjects under sale, are to be seen in the hands of John Callender depute-clerk of Session. Copies of the articles of roup and rental are also lodged with Robert Ramsay, writer in Dumfries; and persons intending to offer, and who may be desirous of knowing further particulars, will apply to George Robinson clerk to the signet, Queen-street, Edinburgh, agent in the sale.

The tenants will show the lands, and Mr Ramsay the subjects in Dumfries.